1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Rob Bonta Attorney General of California Darrell W. Spence Supervising Deputy Attorney General Stacey L. Leask Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 233281 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000 San Francisco, CA 94102-7004 Telephone: (415) 510-3524 Fax: (415) 703-5480 E-mail: Stacey.Leask@doj.ca.gov Attorneys for Defendant Tomás Aragón, Director of the California Department of Public Health and the State Public Health Officer	Exempt from Fees (Gov. Code \$16167RONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California County of Sonoma 3/20/2025 3:19 PM By: Kristin Breeden, Deputy Clerk L&M Tentative Rulings may be obtained between 2:00 pm and 4:00 pm on the court day prior to the scheduled hearing at www.sonoma.courts.ca.gov or by phone at (707) 521-6606.
10	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
11	COUNTY OF SONOMA	
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14	DODVN CANNISTDA individually and on	Case No. 24CIV01964
15	ROBYN CANNISTRA, individually and on behalf of JORDAN CANNISTRA, as his guardian in fact,	DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S
16	Plaintiffs,	NOTICE OF DEMURRER AND DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND
17	V.	AMENDED COMPLAINT
18	,,	Date: May 30, 2025 Time: 3:00 pm
19	TOMÁS ARAGÓN, in his official capacity as Department of Public Health Director	Dept: 19 Judge: The Honorable Oscar A. Pardo
20	and as the State Public Health Officer; PETALUMA CITY SCHOOLS; and DOES	Trial Date: Action Filed: August 14, 2023
21	1 through 20, inclusive,	
22	Defendants.	
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TO THE COURT AND ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEY(S) OF RECORD:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE: that on May 30, 2025, at ____, or as soon thereafter as the matter may be heard in Department 19 of the Sonoma County Superior Court, located at 3055 Cleveland Avenue, Santa Rosa, CA 94503, Defendant Tomás Aragón, in his official capacity as Department of Public Health Director and as the State Public Health Officer (Director) will and hereby does bring a demurrer to the Verified Second Amended Complaint (SAC) filed by Plaintiff Robyn Cannistra, individually and on behalf of Jordan Cannistra, as his guardian in fact (Plaintiffs), and for an order dismissing each and every cause of action pled against the Director with prejudice and without leave to amend.

This Demurrer is brought pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 430.10, subdivision (e), on the grounds that each of the causes of action alleged against the Director fail to plead sufficient facts to constitute a cause of action, and for the following reasons:

- 1. The first cause of action for declaratory and injunctive relief fails because declaratory and injunctive relief are not causes of action but relief sought, they are derivative of the other failed causes of action, and because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to entitle Plaintiffs to declaratory or injunctive relief. In addition, Plaintiffs do not plead a justiciable or ripe controversy that entitles Plaintiffs to declaratory relief.
- 2. The second cause of action for a writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1085 fails because there is no ministerial duty alleged to grant the relief sought and because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1085.
- 3. The third cause of action for writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5 fails because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5.

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¹ As of February 1, 2025, Dr. Erica Pan, M.D., MPH, FIDSA, FAAP, assumed the role of director and state public health officer for the California Department of Public Health (CDPH) in place of captioned defendant Tomás Aragón. (Decl. Leask, ¶ 3.) All references herein use "Director" to refer to the Defendant sued as the director and state public health director of CDPH.

- 4. The fourth cause of action for violation of the right to education under California Constitution, Article IX, Section 5, fails because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for violation of the right to education, and, well-established case law in California holds that mandatory immunization requirements for school-aged children do not violate the right to attend school.
- 5. The fifth cause of action for violation of the Equal Protection Clause under California Constitution, Article I, Section 7, fails because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to give rise to an Equal Protection claim. Vaccinated children and migrant/foster/homeless/military family children are not similarly situated to Plaintiff's child, and, Plaintiff's child is not subject to a suspect classification. Moreover, even if strict scrutiny applies, the State's interest in protecting the health and safety of its citizens, particularly school children, means that the relevant statutes and regulations would be deemed justified by a compelling state interest.
- 6. The sixth cause of action for violation of the Due Process Clause under California Constitution, Article I, Section 7, subdivision (a), fails because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to establish a substantive due process violation. Moreover, Plaintiffs did not have leave of court to amend their pleading to add a substantive due process cause of action and this entirely new sixth cause of action is not in conformity with the Court's order of January 6, 2025. A motion to strike this sixth cause of action is concurrently filed with this demurrer.

This motion is based on this Notice of Demurrer and Demurrer, the accompanying Memorandum of Points and Authorities, Declaration of Stacey L. Leask in support, and Request for Judicial Notice; all records and pleadings filed in the action, any oral argument of counsel, and such other evidence as may be presented at the time of the hearing.

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1	Dated: March 20, 2025.	Respectfully submitted,
2		ROB BONTA
3		Attorney General of California DARRELL W. SPENCE
4		Supervising Deputy Attorney General
5		STACEY L. LEASK Attornays for Defendant
7		Attorneys for Defendant Tomás Aragón, Director of the California Department of Public Health and the State Public Health Officer
8		Public Health Officer
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DEMURRER

Pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 430.10, subdivision (e), Defendant Tomás Aragón, in his official capacity as Department of Public Health Director and as the State Public Health Officer (Director) demurs to the Verified Second Amended Complaint for Injunctive and Declaratory Relief and Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate (SAC) of Plaintiff Robyn Cannistra, individually and on behalf of Jordan Cannistra, as his guardian in fact (Plaintiffs), and each and every cause of action therein alleged against Director, on the following grounds:

GENERAL DEMURRER

- 1. The Director generally demurs to the SAC and each and every cause of action therein against the Director on the ground that the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against the Director. (Code of Civ. Proc., § 430.10, subd. (e).)
- 2. The Director generally demurs to the SAC and each and every cause of action therein against the Director on the ground that the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to entitle Plaintiffs to the relief sought. (Code Civ. Proc., §§ 1061, 1085, 1094.5; *Jolley v. Chase Home Finance, LLC* (2013) 213 Cal.App.4th 872, 909.)
- 3. The Director generally demurs to the SAC and each and every cause of action therein against the Director on the ground that Plaintiffs failed to exhaust their administrative remedies. (Bleeck v. State Board of Optometry (1971) 18 Cal.App.3d 415, 432; Abelleira v. District Court of Appeal (1941) 17 Cal.2d 280, 292-293.)
- 4. The Director generally demurs to the SAC and each and every cause of action therein against the Director to the extent that Plaintiffs did not have leave of court to file an amended complaint and/or amended cause of action (*Harris v. Wachovia Mortg., FSB* (2010) 185 Ca.4th 1018, 1023 (plaintiff may not amend the complaint to add a new cause of action without having obtained permission to do so) and to the extent that the amended complaint conflicts with the Court's order of January 5, 2025. (Cal. Code Civ. Proc., § 436, subd. (b).)

DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

1. The Director demurs to Plaintiffs' first cause of action for declaratory and injunctive relief, because declaratory and injunctive relief are not causes of action but relief sought, they are derivative of the other failed causes of action, and because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to entitle Plaintiffs to declaratory or injunctive relief. In addition, Plaintiffs do not plead a justiciable or ripe controversy that entitles Plaintiffs to declaratory relief. (Code of Civ. Proc., § 430.10, subd. (e).)

DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

1. The Director demurs to Plaintiffs' second cause of action for a writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1085, because there is no ministerial duty alleged to grant the relief sought and because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1085. (Code of Civ. Proc., § 430.10, subd. (e).)

DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

- 1. The Director demurs to Plaintiffs' third cause of action for a writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5, because there is no abuse of discretion under the facts alleged and because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5. (Code of Civ. Proc., § 430.10, subd. (e).)
- 2. The Director demurs to Plaintiffs' third cause of action for a writ of mandate under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1094.5, to the extent that Plaintiffs are challenging the decision on the Medical Exemption appeal, because Plaintiffs have failed to exhaust their administrative remedies, which is a jurisdictional bar to their action for relief. (*Bleeck, supra,* 18 Cal.App.3d at 432; *Abelleira, supra,* 17 Cal.2d at 292-293.)

DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

1. The fourth cause of action for violation of the right to education under California Constitution, Article IX, Section 5, fails because the FAC fails to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action for violation of the right to education, and because well-established

case law in California holds that mandatory immunization requirements for school-aged children do not violate the right to attend school. (*Brown v. Smith* (2018) 24 Cal.App.5th 1135, 1145-1147; *Love v. State Dept. of Education* (2018) 29 Cal.App.5th 980, 994-995; *Whitlow v. Cal. Dept. of Education* (S.D. Cal. 2016) 203 F.Supp.3d 1079, 1089-1090.)

DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

1. The fifth cause of action for violation of the Equal Protection Clause under California Constitution, Article I, Section 7, fails because the FAC fails to state facts sufficient to give rise to equal protection. Vaccinated children and migrant/foster/homeless/military family children are not similarly situated to Plaintiff's child, and, Plaintiff's child is not subject to a suspect classification. Moreover, even if strict scrutiny applies, the State's interest in protecting the health and safety of its citizens, particularly school children, means that the relevant statutes and regulations would be deemed justified by a compelling state interest. (*Brown, supra, 24* Cal.App.5th at 1145-1147; *Love, supra, 29* Cal.App.5th at 994-995; *Whitlow, supra, 203* F.Supp.3d at 1089-1090.)

DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

1. The sixth cause of action for violation of the Due Process Clause under California Constitution, Article I, Section 7, fails because the SAC fails to state facts sufficient to give rise to a due process violation. (*Brown, supra,* 24 Cal.App.5th at 1145-1147; *Love, supra,* 29 Cal.App.5th at 994-995; *Whitlow, supra,* 203 F.Supp.3d at 1089-1090.)

DEMURRER TO THE PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 1. The request for injunctive relief fails because it is derivative of the other failed causes of action and because the FAC fails to state facts sufficient to entitle Plaintiffs to injunctive relief. (Allen v. City of Sacramento (2015) 234 Cal.App.4th 41, 65; accord, City of South Pasadena v. Department of Transportation (1994) 29 Cal.App.4th 1280, 1293.)
- 2. The request for declaratory relief fails because it is derivative of the other failed causes of action and because the FAC fails to state facts sufficient to entitle Plaintiffs to declaratory relief. The FAC also fails to plead an "actual controversy relating to the legal rights and duties of the respective parties" and thus, fail to plead a justiciable controversy that is ripe for

DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY E-MAIL and U.S. MAIL

Case Name: Cannistra, et al. v Aragon, et al.

No.: **24CIV01964**

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. My business address is: 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004. My electronic service address is Robert.Caoile@doj.ca.gov. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service with postage thereon fully prepaid that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On March 20, 2025, I served the

- 1. DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S NOTICE OF DEMURRER AND DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT
- 2. MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT
- 3. DECLARATION OF STACEY L. LEASK IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT AND CONCURRENTLY FILED MOTION TO STRIKE WITH EXHIBITS A TO D
- 4. [PROPOSED] ORDER SUSTAINING DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF AND PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE

by transmitting a true copy via electronic mail. In addition, I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, in the internal mail system of the Office of the Attorney General, addressed as follows:

Jonathon D. Nicol The Nicol Law Firm 180 I Century Park East, 24th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067

E-mail Address: jdn@nicolfirm.com

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States

of America the foregoing is true and correct a 2025, at San Francisco, California.	and that this declaration was executed on March 20,
R. Caoile	1s/R. Cavile
Declarant	Signature

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DECLARATION OF SERVICE BY E-MAIL and U.S. MAIL

Case Name: Cannistra, et al. v Aragon, et al.

Case No.: **24CIV01964**

I declare:

I am employed in the Office of the Attorney General, which is the office of a member of the California State Bar, at which member's direction this service is made. I am 18 years of age or older and not a party to this matter. My business address is: 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Suite 11000, San Francisco, CA 94102-7004. My electronic service address is Claudine.Santos@doj.ca.gov. I am familiar with the business practice at the Office of the Attorney General for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. In accordance with that practice, correspondence placed in the internal mail collection system at the Office of the Attorney General is deposited with the United States Postal Service with postage thereon fully prepaid that same day in the ordinary course of business.

On April 1, 2025, I served the attached:

- 1. DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S NOTICE OF DEMURRER AND DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT (endorsed-filed copies with hearing date of May 30, 2025, 3:00 p.m., Courtroom 19)
- 2. MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT (endorsed-filed copies with hearing date of May 30, 2025, 3:00 p.m., Courtroom 19)
- 3. DECLARATION OF STACEY L. LEASK IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT AND CONCURRENTLY FILED MOTION TO STRIKE (endorsed-filed copies with hearing date of May 30, 2025, 3:00 p.m., Courtroom 19)
- 4. [PROPOSED] ORDER SUSTAINING DEMURRER TO PLAINTIFFS' SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR INJUNCTIVE AND DECLARATORY RELIEF AND PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE
- 5. DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO STRIKE THE SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION FROM THE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT (endorsed-filed copies with hearing date of May 30, 2025, 3:00 p.m., Courtroom 19)
- 6. MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION FROM THE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT (endorsed-filed copies with hearing date of May 30, 2025, 3:00 p.m., Courtroom 19)
- 7. [PROPOSED] ORDER GRANTING DEFENDANT TOMÁS ARAGÓN'S MOTION TO STRIKE THE SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION FROM THE SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

by transmitting a true copy via electronic mail. In addition, I placed a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope, in the internal mail system of the Office of the Attorney General, addressed as follows:

Jonathon D. Nicol
The Nicol Law Firm
1801 Century Park East, 24th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90067
Email: jdn@nicolfirm.com
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Frank Zotter Jr. School & College Legal Services of California 5350 Skylane Blvd. Santa Rosa, CA 95403

Email: fzotter@sclscal.org

Attorneys for Defendant Petaluma City Schools

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California and the United States of America the foregoing is true and correct and that this declaration was executed on April 1, 2025, at San Francisco, California.

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